



## Vessels > afterics > veins > capillaries



- Sometimes, the metarteriole is connected directly with the venule by a preferential channel (thoroughfare vessel). -> 9-1-
  - Precapillary sphincters: Have little smooth muscle cells. They surround the openings of the true capillaries.
- Meta-arterioles and precapillary sphincters receive sympathetic innervation. leads to vesoconstriction
  - Both meta-arterioles and precapillary sphincters respond to local and مثلا دنعر الاركدجين circulatory vasoactive substances. ->
- Capillary wall: is very thin (about one µm thick) being made up of a single layer of endothelial cells resting on a basement membrane. The structure of the capillary wall varies from organ to organ and is closely related to their functions.

factors that affect diffusion I-surface area 2- thickness of the membrane A thickness & diffusion rate

(crpillary

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منى حالة مرقبة يكون فناما نعتمن بعنيتامين ) في الخلايا رح يأدي الكونين بهماانوم عانومهم وممكن يأدي التمزق بسب عدم رتهل الضغار wall





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Water soluble -> passes by pores lipid soluble -> passes by cell membrane





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## filtration is stronger than absorption













- In a capillary, the hydrostatic capillary pressure (P<sub>c</sub>) is 18 mmHg, the colloidal osmotic pressure of plasma proteins ( $\pi_p$ ) is 27 mmHg and the interstitial fluid colloidal osmotic pressure ( $\pi_{IF}$ ) is 7 mmHg. Based on these values the flow of the fluid out of the capillary will be zero if the interstitial fluid hydrostatic pressure (P<sub>IF</sub>) is: a- -4mmHg b- -2mmHg c- 0 mmHg d- +1 mmHg e- +2 mmHg



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