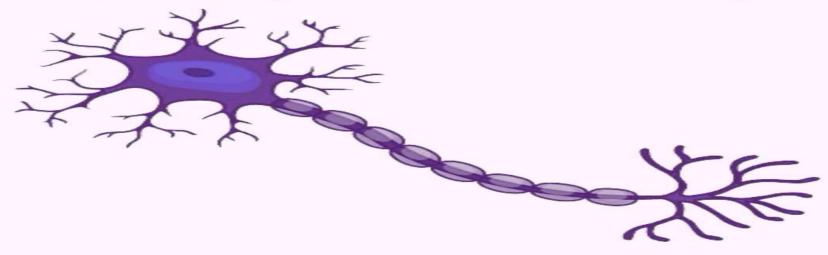


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THE TOTAL RED BLOOD CELLS (ERYTHROCYTES) COUNT

By d Gehan el wakeel

THE NORMAL VALUES FOR RBC'S

The normal values for RBC's vary between males and females due to sex differences.

The normal men average number of RBC's per µL (or

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because men have higher levels of androgens (hor move) which stimulates the velease of englinopoieting from the kidneys and Liver cubic millimeter) is 5.400,000 (±300,000)
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The normal woman 4.800, 000 (±300,000)

ABNORMAL RBC'S COUNT

An excess of RBC's is called Polycythemia which occurs in three types:

1. Relative Polycythemia (pseudopolycythemia) results from an increase in the

concentration of erythrocytes without an increase in the total red blood cell mass,

such as may occur in:

يوجب نفى ني المياه كي ولا عليه المياه المي

الدم الي يودج للدماغ قل الدم الي يودج للدماغ قل

ب المحروث الله المنوق على زيادة معدد المهان معدد المهان معدد المهان معدد المهان من الملازة مناها ويزيد داية من الملازة مناها ويزيد داية المهان المهازة مناها ويزيد داية المهان المهازة المهان المهان

ما بن يد RBCs ما بن يد بنك انها ديادة وهية لانها بنكون عي مسلم ك لا RBCs د بنكون عي مسلم ك و بنكون د بنسب تقمان المجم للبلازية

ا عنا نبعرف انه ماه ماه الدم تساوي ملاوم في الدم تساوي ملاوم الله والله الماء فيها رح يؤديه الى تقليل نسبة البلازمة بالنسبة للدم منا عدد كالمسبة المرادمة والساعدد

2. PRIMARY POLYCYTHEMIA VERA (TRUE POLYCYTHEMIA)

is an increase in the concentration of erythrocyte, accompanied by an increase in total red

blood cell mass due to hyperactivity of bone marrow.

بزید می نصنیمه لا همهدیه ۱۰ ده عددیه

In most cases, the cause is unknown, but in others the Polycythemia may be symptomatic

of:

1-malignancies in the bone marrow

2- kidney, or brain. (due to release of erythropoietic like factor) ->

The RBC count may be as high as 11 million/µl.

3. SECONDARY POLYCYTHEMIA(ERYTHROCYTOSIS)

*occurs as a physiologic response to chronic arterial hypoxia.

The hypoxia may be associated with:

- الجبال ببدأ حرورج | Living in low oxygen-environments (high altitude) الجبال ببدأ حرورج | RBc، وهو الي بعفز انتاج erythropietic
- 2-emphysema
- 3-pulmonary fibrosis, → عموائية لا بسمور المهوائية الا بسمور علان المهوائية الا بسمور على المهم المهم
- 4-carbon monoxide poisoning.
- -Characterized by RBC count as high as 6-8 million RBC/ µl.

A DECREASE IN THE NUMBER OF CIRCULATING ERYTHROCYTES BELOW NORMAL

RANGE CONSTITUTES ERYTHROCYTOPENIA

commonly seen:

in many types of anemia due to decrease in RBC count or quantity of hemoglobin or both

- 1-hemorrhagic anemia → because blood loss / حنبن
- 2-hemolytic anemia عن دوال سعيد في الماد على الماد عن الماد ودا يقة على الماد ودا يقة الماد ودا الماد ودا
- 3-iron deficiency anemia,
- 4-pernicious anemia and a
- 5-Aplastic anemia

QUESTIONS

- 1- Which is used as an red blood cell dilution factor?
- a) Tyrod, solution
- b) Physiological saline or Heyem's solution
- c) Turks solution
- d) Glucose solution
- e) Distilled water

2-RELATIVE POLYCYTHEMIA OCCURS IN WHICH OF THESE CONDITIONS?

- a) Burns and dehydration
- b) Brain tumor
- c) Bone marrow tumor
- d) High altitudes
- e) Pulmonary fibrosis

3-PRIMARY POLYCYTHEMIA OCCURS IN WHICH OF THESE CONDITIONS?

- a) Shock
- b) Bone marrow malignancies
- c) Emphysema
- d) Pulmonary fibrosis
- e) Carbon monoxide poisoning

4- SECONDARY POLYCYTHEMIA OCCURS IN WHICH OF THESE CONDITONS?

- a) Dehydration
- b) Shock
- c) Kidney tumor
- d) Living in low oxygen environment
- e) Bone marrow malignancies

5-ERYTHROCYTOPENIA OCCURS IN WHICH OF THESE CONDITIONS?

- a) Brain cancer
- b) Lung diseases
- c) High altitudes
- d) Burns
- e) Many types of anemia

THANK

you